VILLAGE OF FAYETTEVILLE CODES ENFORCEMENT

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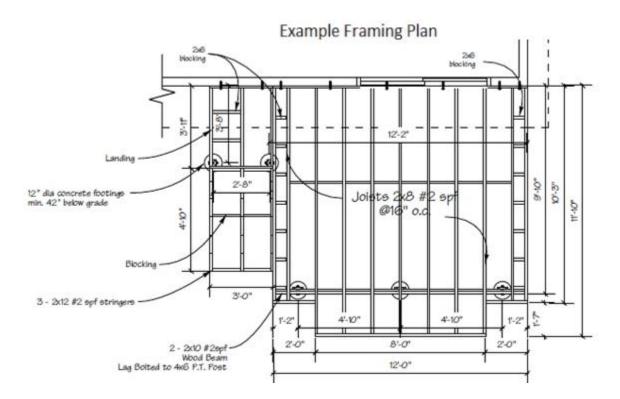
2018 Deck Construction Guide

To apply for a building permit, complete all applicable sections of the building permit application and include the following:

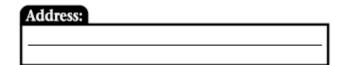
- 1) Contractor information including liability and workman's compensation insurance certificates
- 2) A copy of the property survey indicating the project location with dimensions and setbacks from lot lines
- 3) Detailed construction drawings (see pages 2-4) including:
 - a. The type of all materials to be used including framing lumber, decking, railings, flashing, all fasteners and hardware
 - b. A framing plan indicating the location, spacing and dimensions of footings, posts, beams and joists
 - c. Stair and railing details including riser height, tread depth, railing height, spindle spacing, railing post fastening and handrail details

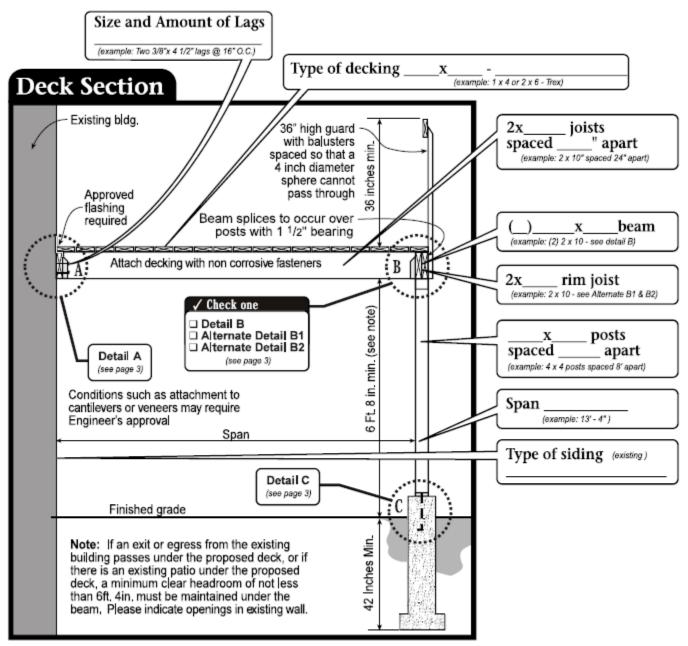
Note:

- Decks must have concrete footings that are at least 42 inches in depth, 12" round or square and 6" thick
- All fasteners and connectors used with pressure treated lumber must be designed for that purpose in order to prevent corrosion. Acceptable Simpson connector materials include ZMAX, HDG (hot-dip galvanized) and 316 stainless steel.
- The only screws allowed on metal connectors is Simpson Strong-Drive® SD CONNECTOR Screws. Deck screws may not be used on any metal connectors. The packaging for Strong-Drive® SD Connector Screws must be on site for inspection.
- The placement of lag screws and bolts in ledgers shall comply with R507.2.1(1) (see page 6)
- Decks attached to a dwelling must have lateral load connections (see page 7)
- Beams must rest on top of the posts (see pages 2 & 9)
- Stairs with four or more 4 risers must have frost footings and proper, graspable handrails (see page 4)



Single Family Residential Uncovered Decks and Porches



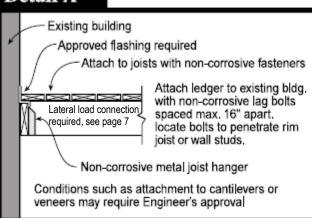


Note: A plot plan (plan view) showing the dimensions of your project or additions and its relationships to existing buildings or structures on the property must be included. In addition to project dimensions, your plot plan must also show other details such as post locations and spacing, joist and beam spans, and any other pertinent information not shown on the section drawing.

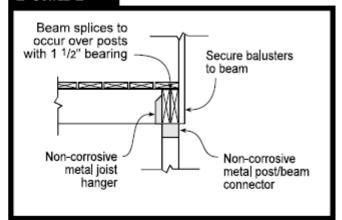
Materials List:			

Single Family Residential Uncovered Decks and Porches

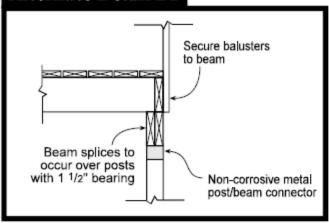
Detail A



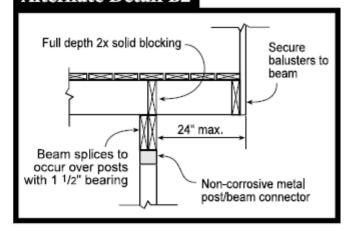
Detail B



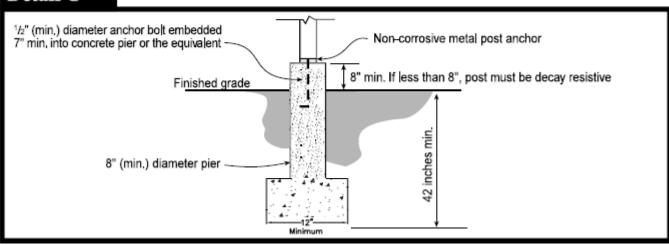
Alternate Detail B1



Alternate Detail B2

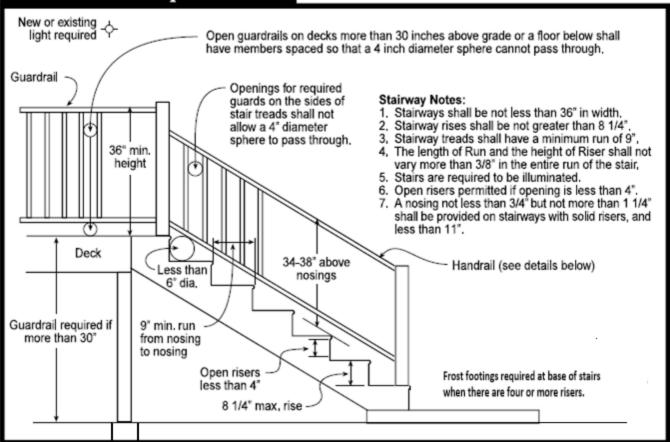


Detail C



Single Family Residential Uncovered Decks and Porches

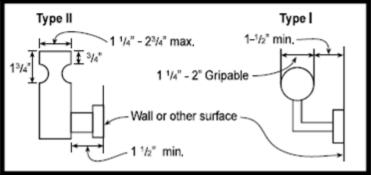
Stair & Handrail Specifications



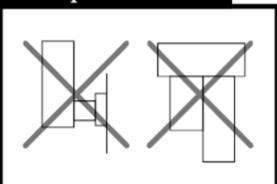
Handrail Notes:

- Handrails shall be continuous on at least one side of stairs with 2 or more risers.
- 2. Top of the handrails shall be placed not less than 34 inches nor more than 38 inches above stair nosings,
- 3. The handgrip portion of handrails shall be not less than 1-1/4 inches nor more than 2 1/4 inches in cross section for non circular handrails.
- 4. Handrails shall be placed not less than 1-1/2 inches from any wall or other surface,
- Handrails to be returned to wall, post or safety terminal (per 311,5,6,2 IRC)

Acceptable Handrail Details



Unacceptable Handrails



2015 International Residential Code Deck Construction

Section R403 Footings

R403.1.4 Minimum depth.

Exterior footings shall be placed not less than 12 inches below the undisturbed ground surface. Where applicable, the depth of footings shall also conform to Sections R403.1.4.1 through R403.1.4.2.

R403.1.4.1 Frost protection.

Except where otherwise protected from frost, foundation walls, piers and other permanent supports of buildings and structures shall be protected from frost by one or more of the following methods:

- 1. Extended below the frost line 42" as specified in Table R301.2.(1).
- 2. Constructed in accordance with Section R403.3.
- 3. Constructed in accordance with ASCE 32.
- 4. Erected on solid rock.

Exceptions:

3. Decks not supported by a dwelling need not be provided with footings that extend below the frost line. Footings shall not bear on frozen soil unless the frozen condition is permanent.

Table R403.1(1) Minimum width and thickness for concrete footings for light-frame construction

One story decks shall have footings that are a minimum 12" diameter or square and a minimum 6" thick.

R507.8.1 Deck post to deck footing.

Posts shall bear on footings in accordance with Section R403 and Figure R507.8.1. Posts shall be restrained to prevent lateral displacement at the bottom support. Such lateral restraint shall be provided by manufactured connectors installed in accordance with Section R507 and the manufacturers' instructions or a minimum post embedment of 12 inches (305 mm) in surrounding soils or concrete piers.

Figure R507.8.1
Typical deck posts to deck footings

TYPICAL DECK
POST
TYPICAL
FOOTING

Section R507 Exterior Decks

R507.1 Decks.

Wood-framed decks shall be in accordance with this section or Section R301 for materials and conditions not prescribed herein. Where supported by attachment to an exterior wall, decks shall be positively anchored to the primary structure and designed for both vertical and lateral loads.

Such attachment shall not be accomplished by the use of toenails or nails subject to withdrawal. Where positive connection to the primary building structure cannot be verified during inspection, decks shall be self-supporting. For decks with cantilevered framing members connections to exterior walls or other framing members shall be designed and constructed to resist uplift resulting from the full live load specified in Table R301.5 acting on the cantilevered portion of the deck.

R507.2 Deck ledger connection to band joist.

Deck ledger connections to band joists shall be in accordance with this section, Tables R507.2 and R507.2.1, and Figures R507.2.1(1) and R507.2.1(2). For other grades, species, connection details and loading conditions, deck ledger connections shall be designed in accordance with Section R301.

TABLE R507.2 Deck ledger connection to band joist a, b

(Deck live load = 40 psf, deck dead load = 10 psf, snow load ≤ 40 psf)

	JOIST SPAN							
CONNECTION DETAILS		6'1" to 8'	8'1" to 10'	10'1" to 12'	12'1" to 14'	14'1" to 16'	16'1" to 18'	
	On-center spacing of fasteners							
1/2-Inch diameter lag screw with 1/2-inch maximum sheathing ^{c, d}	30	23	18	15	13	11	10	
1/2-inch diameter bolt with 1/2-inch maximum sheathingd	36	36	34	29	24	21	19	
1/2-inch diameter bolt with 1-inch maximum sheathinge	36	36	29	24	21	18	16	

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa.

- a. Ledgers shall be flashed in accordance with Section R703.4 to prevent water from contacting the house band joist.
- b. Snow load shall not be assumed to act concurrently with live load.
- c. The tip of the lag screw shall fully extend beyond the inside face of the band joist.
- d. Sheathing shall be wood structural panel or solid sawn lumber.
- e. Sheathing shall be permitted to be wood structural panel, gypsum board, fiberboard, lumber or foam sheathing. Up to 1/2-inch thickness of stacked washers shall be permitted to substitute for up to 1/2 inch of allowable sheathing thickness where combined with wood structural panel or lumber sheathing.

R507.2.1 Ledger details.

Deck ledgers installed in accordance with Section R507.2 shall be a minimum 2-inch by 8-inch (51 mm by 203 mm) nominal, pressure-preservative-treated southern pine, incised pressure-preservative-treated Hem-fir, or approved, naturally durable, No. 2 grade or better lumber. Deck ledgers installed in accordance with Section R507.2 shall not support concentrated loads from beams or girders. Deck ledgers shall not be supported on stone or masonry veneer.

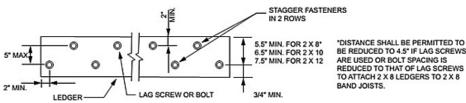
Table R507.2.1
Placement of lag screws and bolts in deck ledgers and band joists

MINIMUM END AND EDGE DISTANCES AND SPACING BETWEEN ROWS						
	TOP EDGE BOTTOM EDGE ENDS ROW SPACING					
Ledgera	2 inches ^d	3/4 inch	2 inches ^b	1 ⁵ / ₈ inches ^b		
Band Joist ^c	3/4 inch	2 inches	2 inches ^b	1 ⁵ / ₈ inches ^b		

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

- a. Lag screws or bolts shall be staggered from the top to the bottom along the horizontal run of the deck ledger in accordance with Figure R507.2.1(1).
- b. Maximum 5 inches.
- c. For engineered rim joists, the manufacturer's recommendations shall govern.
- d. The minimum distance from bottom row of lag screws or botts to the top edge of the ledger shall be in accordance with Figure R507.2.1(1).





R507.2.2 Band joist details.

Band joists attached by a ledger in accordance with Section R507.2 shall be a minimum 2-inch-nominal (51 mm), solid-sawn, spruce-pine-fir lumber or a minimum 1-inch by 91/2-inch (25 mm × 241 mm) dimensional, Douglas fir, laminated veneer lumber. Band joists attached by a ledger in accordance with Section R507.2 shall be fully supported by a wall or sill plate below.

R507.2.3 Ledger to band joist fastener details.

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

Fasteners used in deck ledger connections in accordance with Table R507.2 shall be hot-dipped galvanized or stainless steel and shall be installed in accordance with Table R507.2.1 and Figures R507.2.1(1) and R507.2.1(2).

Figure R507.2.1(2) & R507.2.3(2) Deck attachment for lateral loads

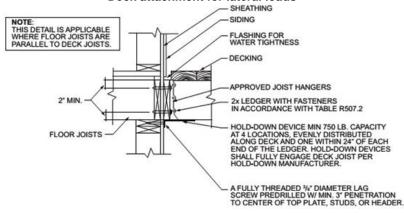
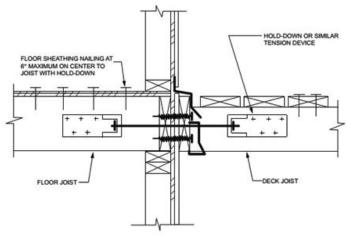


Figure 507.2.3(1)

Deck attachment for lateral loads



R507.2.4 Deck lateral load connection.

The lateral load connection required by Section R507.1 shall be permitted to be in accordance with Figure R507.2.3(1) or R507.2.3(2). Where the lateral load connection is provided in accordance with Figure R507.2.3(1), hold-down tension devices shall be installed in not less than two locations per deck, within 24 inches of each end of the deck. Each device shall have an allowable stress design capacity of not less than 1,500 pounds (6672 N). Where the lateral load connections are provided in accordance with Figure R507.2.3(2), the hold-down tension devices shall be installed in not less than four locations per deck, and each device shall have an allowable stress design capacity of not less than 750 pounds (3336 N).

R507.3 Plastic composite deck boards, stair treads, guards, or handrails.

Plastic composite exterior deck boards, stair treads, guards and handrails shall comply with the requirements of ASTM D 7032 and the requirements of Section 507.3.

R507.3.1 Labeling.

Plastic composite deck boards and stair treads, or their packaging, shall bear a label that indicates compliance to ASTM D 7032 and includes the allowable load and maximum allowable span determined in accordance with ASTM D 7032. Plastic or composite handrails and guards, or their packaging, shall bear a label that indicates compliance to ASTM D 7032 and includes the maximum allowable span determined in accordance with ASTM D 7032.

R507.3.2 Flame spread index.

Plastic composite deck boards, stair treads, guards, and handrails shall exhibit a flame spread index not exceeding 200 when tested in accordance with ASTM E 84 or UL 723 with the test specimen remaining in place during the test.

Exception: Plastic composites determined to be non-combustible.

R507.3.3 Decay resistance.

Plastic composite deck boards, stair treads, guards and handrails containing wood, cellulosic or other biodegradable materials shall be decay resistant in accordance with ASTM D 7032.

R507.3.4 Termite resistance.

Where required by Section 318, plastic composite deck boards, stair treads, guards and handrails containing wood, cellulosic or other biodegradable materials shall be termite resistant in accordance with ASTM D 7032.

507.3.5 Installation of plastic composites.

Plastic composite deck boards, stair treads, guards and handrails shall be installed in accordance with this code and the manufacturer's instructions.

R507.4 Decking.

Maximum allowable spacing for joists supporting decking shall be in accordance with Table R507.4. Wood decking shall be attached to each supporting member with not less than (2) 8d threaded nails or (2) No. 8 wood screws.

Table R507.4 Maximum joist spacing

MATERIAL TYPE AND NOMINAL SIZE	MAXIMUM ON-CENTER JOIST SPACING					
WATERIAL TIPE AND NOWINAL SIZE	Perpendicular to joist	Diagonal to joist ^a				
1 ¹ / ₄ -inch-thick wood	16 inches	12 inches				
2-inch-thick wood	24 inches	16 inches				
Plastic composite	In accordance with Section R507.3	In accordance with Section R507.3				

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 degree = 0.01745 rad.

R507.5 Deck joists.

Maximum allowable spans for wood deck joists, as shown in Figure R507.5, shall be in accordance with Table R507.5. Deck joists shall be permitted to cantilever not greater than one-fourth of the actual, adjacent joist span.

Table R507.5 Deck joist spans for common lumber species f (ft. - in.)

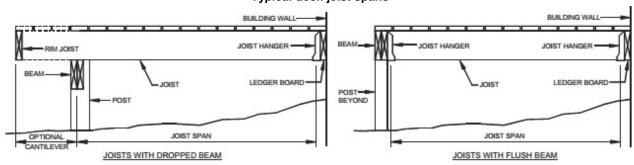
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SPECIES ^a	SIZE	SPACING OF DECK JOISTS WITH NO CANTILEVER ^b (inches)			SPACING OF DECK JOISTS WITH CANTILEVERS ^C (inches)			
		12	16	24	12	16	24	
	2 × 6	9-11	9-0	7-7	6-8	6-8	6-8	
	2 × 8	13-1	11-10	9-8	10-1	10-1	9-8	
Southern pine	2 × 10	16-2	14-0	11-5	14-6	14-0	11-5	
	2 × 12	18-0	16-6	13-6	18-0	16-6	13-6	
Douglas fir- larch ^d , hem-fir ^d spruce-pine-fir ^d	2 × 6	9-6	8-8	7-2	6-3	6-3	6-3	
	2 × 8	12-6	11-1	9-1	9-5	9-5	9-1	
	2 × 10	15-8	13-7	11-1	13-7	13-7	11-1	
	2 × 12	18-0	15-9	12-10	18-0	15-9	12-10	
	2 × 6	8-10	8-0	7-0	5-7	5-7	5-7	
Redwood, western cedars, ponderosa pine ^e , red pine ^e	2 × 8	11-8	10-7	8-8	8-6	8-6 8-6		
	2 × 10	14-11	13-0	10-7	12-3	12-3	10-7	
	2 × 12	17-5	15-1	12-4	16-5	15-1	12-4	

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa, 1 pound = 0.454 kg. a. No. 2 grade with wet service factor.

- b. Ground snow load, live load = 40 psf, dead load = 10 psf, L/Δ = 360. c. Ground snow load, live load = 40 psf, dead load = 10 psf, L/Δ = 360 at main span, L/Δ = 180 at cantilever with a 220-pound point load applied to end.
- d. Includes incising factor.
- e. Northern species with no incising factor
- f. Cantilevered spans not exceeding the nominal depth of the joist are permitted.

a. Maximum angle of 45 degrees from perpendicular for wood deck boards

Figure R507.5 Typical deck joist spans



R507.5.1 Lateral restraint at supports.

Joist ends and bearing locations shall be provided with lateral restraint to prevent rotation. Where lateral restraint is provided by joist hangers or blocking between joists, their depth shall equal not less than 60 percent of the joist depth. Where lateral restraint is provided by rim joists, they shall be secured to the end of each joist with not less than (3) 10d (3-inch \times 0.128-inch) nails or (3) No. 10 \times 3-inch (76 mm) long wood screws.

R507.6 Deck Beams.

Maximum allowable spans for wood deck beams, as shown in Figure R507.6, shall be in accordance with Table R507.6. Beam plies shall be fastened with two rows of 10d (3-inch × 0.128-inch) nails minimum at 16 inches (406 mm) on center along each edge. Beams shall be permitted to cantilever at each end up to one-fourth of the actual beam span. Splices of multispan beams shall be located at interior post locations.

Table R507.6 Deck beam span lengths $_{a,\,b}$ (ft. - in.)

	DECK JOIST SPAN LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO:								
SPECIESC	SIZEd	(feet)							
		6	8	10	12	14	16	18	
	2 - 2 × 6	6-11	5-11	5-4	4-10	4-6	4-3	4-0	
	2 - 2 × 8	8-9	7-7	6-9	6-2	5-9	5-4	5-0	
	2 - 2 × 10	10-4	9-0	8-0	7-4	6-9	6-4	6-0	
Couthorn nine	2 - 2 × 12	12-2	10-7	9-5	8-7	8-0	7-6	7-0	
Southern pine	3 - 2 × 6	8-2	7-5	6-8	6-1	5-8	5-3	5-0	
	3 - 2 × 8	10-10	9-6	8-6	7-9	7-2	6-8	6-4	
	3 - 2 × 10	13-0	11-3	10-0	9-2	8-6	7-11	7-6	
	3 - 2 × 12	15-3	13-3	11-10	10-9	10-0	9-4	8-10	
	3 × 6 or 2 – 2 × 6	5-5	4-8	4-2	3-10	3-6	3-1	2-9	
	3 × 8 or 2 – 2 × 8	6-10	5-11	5-4	4-10	4-6	4-1	3-8	
	3 × 10 or 2 – 2 × 10	8-4	7-3	6-6	5-11	5-6	5-1	4-8	
Douglas fir-larche,	3 × 12 or 2 – 2 × 12	9-8	8-5	7-6	6-10	6-4	5-11	5-7	
hem-fir ^e ,	4 × 6	6-5	5-6	4-11	4-6	4-2	3-11	3-8	
spruce-pine-fire,	4 × 8	8-5	7-3	6-6	5-11	5-6	5-2	4-10	
redwood, western cedars.	4 × 10	9-11	8-7	7-8	7-0	6-6	6-1	5-8	
ponderosa pine ^f ,	4 × 12	11-5	9-11	8-10	8-1	7-6	7-0	6-7	
red pine ^f	3 - 2 × 6	7-4	6-8	6-0	5-6	5-1	4-9	4-6	
	3 - 2 × 8	9-8	8-6	7-7	6-11	6-5	6-0	5-8	
	3 - 2 × 10	12-0	10-5	9-4	8-6	7-10	7-4	6-11	
	3 - 2 × 12	13-11	12-1	10-9	9-10	9-1	8-6	8-1	

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa, 1 pound = 0.454 kg.

- a. Ground snow load, live load = 40 psf, dead load = 10 psf, L/\(\Delta\) = 360 at main span, L/\(\Delta\) = 180 at cantilever with a 220-pound point load applied at the end.
- b. Beams supporting deck joists from one side only.
- c. No. 2 grade, wet service factor.
- d. Beam depth shall be greater than or equal to depth of joists with a flush beam condition.
- e. Includes incising factor.
- f. Northern species. Incising factor not included.

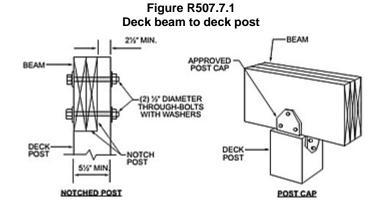
Figure R507.6 Typical deck beam spans JOISTS JOINTLEVER DROPPED BEAM DROPPED BEAM FLUSH BEAM FLUSH BEAM FLUSH BEAM

R507.7 Deck joist and deck beam bearing.

The ends of each joist and beam shall have not less than 11/2 inches (38 mm) of bearing on wood or metal and not less than 3 inches (76 mm) on concrete or masonry for the entire width of the beam. Joist framing into the side of a ledger board or beam shall be supported by approved joist hangers. Joists bearing on a beam shall be connected to the beam to resist lateral displacement. R507.7.1 Deck post to deck beam.

Deck beams shall be attached to deck posts in accordance with Figure R507.7.1 or by other equivalent means capable to resist lateral displacement. Manufactured post-to-beam connectors shall be sized for the post and beam sizes. All bolts shall have washers under the head and nut.

Exception: Where deck beams bear directly on footings in accordance with Section R507.8.1.



R507.8 Deck posts.

For single-level wood-framed decks with beams sized in accordance with Table R507.6, deck post size shall be in accordance with Table R507.8.

Table R507.8
Deck Post Height a

DECK POST SIZE	MAXIMUM HEIGHT ^a
4×4	8'
4×6	8'
6×6	14'

For St: 1 foot = 304.8 mm

a. Measured to the underside of the beam